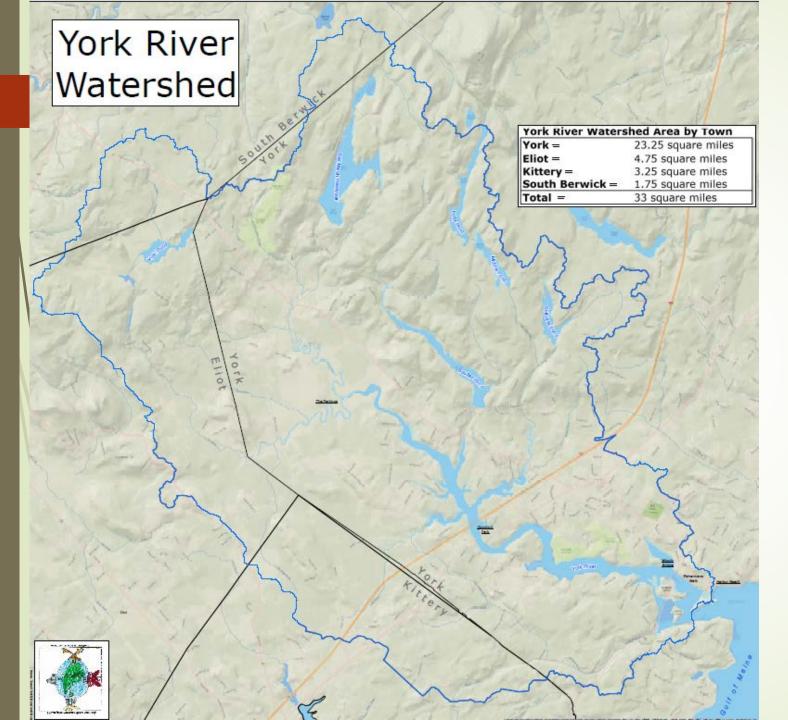
# York River Study

October 17, 2016, 6:30-8:00 p.m.

York Public Library Community Room

### Welcome and Meeting Overview

- Presentations, 6:30-7:00
  - Chuck Ott York River watershed and the York River Study
  - Jim MacCartney National Park Service Partnership Wild and Scenic Rivers Program
  - Joan LeBlanc York River watershed resources and management plan
- Group discussion and feedback, 7:00-7:30
- Additional time for input and discussion



# York River and Its Watershed

- What is a watershed?
- York River
  - About 12 miles long
  - Begins in South Berwick
  - Fresh water and tidal
- York River Watershed
  - 33 square mile area
  - 4 communities
  - About 110 miles of rivers and streams

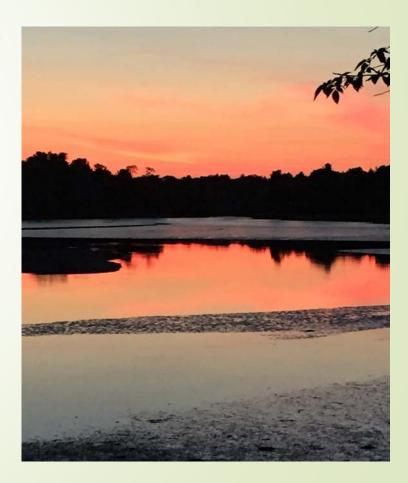
# Why Care about the York River Watershed

- Shared, connected resource among the communities
- High concentration of resources significant natural and historic resources
- Economic importance and cultural importance to region
- Threats to resources development, changing landscape, over use
- Stewardship



### York River Study - Background

- Watershed approach to protecting the York River
- Formation of York River Study
  - Process began about 10 years ago
  - Support from Maine's Congressional delegation; York River Study was authorized by Congress to explore if the National Park Service Partnership Wild and Scenic River designation is a good fit for the York River and its communities
  - Includes development of community-based management plan
  - Began in late 2015 when funding was appropriated
  - A locally-appointed committee oversees the study



#### York River Study Committee

- Charged with conducting the study: developing a management plan and evaluating suitability of designation
- Includes town-appointed volunteer members (voting members) and agency members (non-voting members)
- Monthly meetings
- Currently has two subcommittees



#### York River Study - Status

- Information gathering stage to identify important watershed resources
  - Compiling and reviewing existing studies and data
  - Gathering public input
  - Gathering expert knowledge
  - Identifying data gaps and areas for additional study
- Currently conducting series of public meetings and events to gather input
- Website: www.YorkRiverMaine.org



#### Overview of National Park Service Partnership Wild and Scenic Rivers Program

- Subset of National Wild and Scenic Rivers System
  - Enacted October 2, 1968 (P.L. 90-542)
  - Balance national policy of dam and other construction
  - Protect and enhance:
    - Free-flowing condition and water quality
    - ORV(s) of national or regional importance
  - Process to add rivers to national system
  - **208 rivers** (12,709 miles)
    - Primarily on federal lands
- Twelve "Partnership Rivers" (non-federal lands)



Tlikakila River (AK) Photo: Natl. Geographic

#### What is a Partnership River?

- No federal land ownership or management resulting from designation
- Administration and governance through local river council
- Land use governed by existing local/state law and regulations
- Locally-developed river plans—approved prior to designation —guide future management
- Management responsibilities shared among local, state, federal, and NGO partners
- Voluntary participation by partners creates success
- Federal funding leverages additional state, local, and private funding



### Basis to Recommend PWSR Designation

- Eligibility: Free-flowing, possessing one or more outstandingly remarkable values (ORVs) that based on professional judgment are directly riverrelated and unique, rare or exemplary at regional or national scale
  - Scenic, recreational, geologic, fish and wildlife, historic, cultural, or similar values
- Suitability: Three main questions... Should river values be protected? Is Wild and Scenic the best method? What level of nonfederal commitment exists?
- Partnership Rivers: Is there a locally-developed and approved Management Plan? Is there community support? Do local river protection measures, e.g., ordinances exist?

#### Benefits of Designation



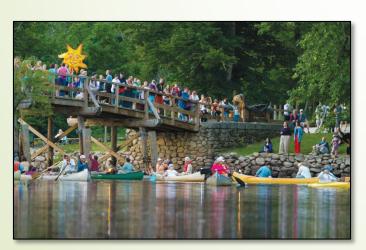
Westfield River (MA)
Photo: Carrie Banks

- National recognition and prestige
  - Additional grants, e.g., fish passage, land protection, youth education, etc.
- NPS technical and financial assistance to implement river plan/projects
  - Cooperative agreement (~\$75K/year)
  - CCS, PLC, Call-to-Action (~\$10K/year)
- NPS review of federally-assisted water resources projects to protect locallyidentified river values
- Locally-appointed river council provides long-term structure to guide future management across local jurisdictions within the watershed

## 20 Years of Partnership Rivers



Public access – Lamprey (NH)
Photo: Dick Lord



Solstice celebration – SuAsCo (MA)



Dam removal - Musconetcong (NJ)



Protecting wildlife Wekiva (FL)



Educating youth Maurice (NJ)



Land preservation – Great Egg Harbor (NJ)

Photo: Tim Palmer

#### York River Study



York River (ME)
Photo: Jerry Monkman, Ecophotography

- 2013 NPS WSR Reconnaissance Survey completed
  - Potential ORVs: natural cultural, historic, scenic, and recreational values
  - Strong candidate for Congressional Study
- December 19, 2014 Congressional WSR Study authorized (P.L. 113-291)
- Study segments: "... 11.25 miles from the headwaters of the York River at York Pond to the mouth of the river at York Harbor, and any associated tributaries."
- NPS provides advice, technical support, and funds (cooperative agreement)
- If the York River is found eligible and suitable for designation (with community support), Congress must enact law for the river to become Wild and Scenic

#### **Identifying York River Values**

- Understanding Outstandingly Remarkable Values (ORVs)
  - or what makes this watershed so special will:

- Help inform the Wild and Scenic Study Report &
- Provide foundation for a community-based
   Watershed Management
   Plan



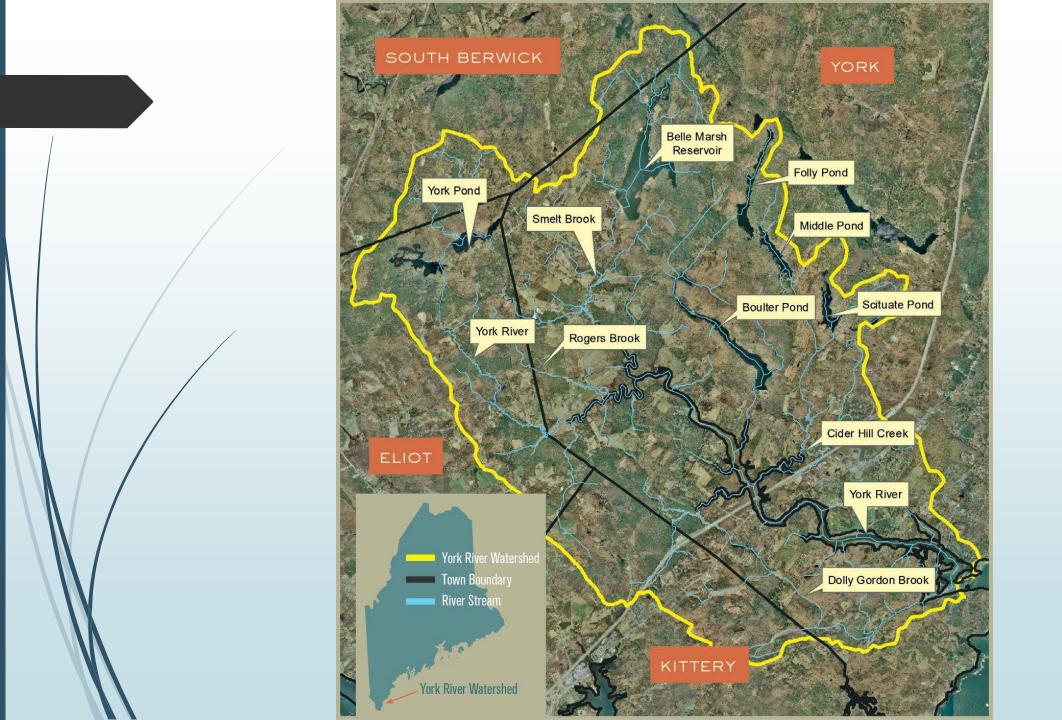
\* Goal: Protect the York River's unique character and resources for future generations

# York River Watershed Outstandingly Remarkable Values (ORVs)



- Fconomic value
- Source of drinking water
- Cultural and historic resources
- Natural resources
- Scenic beauty
- Water quality
- Recreational value
- Others?

Context: Protecting Watershed Values in a Changing Climate



#### **Economic Value**

- Healthy Watershed is Crucial to Supporting Local Economy
  - Fishing industry
  - **■** Tourist industry

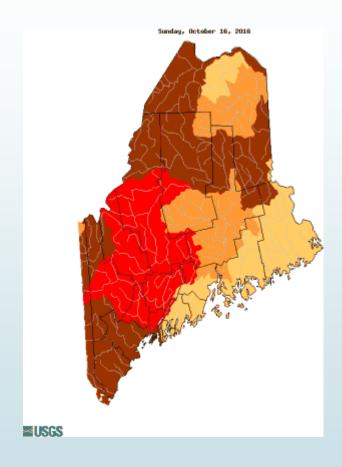




## **Drinking Water Supply**

- York River watershed encompasses several ponds that provide public water supply to York, Kittery and Eliot
- Priorities include:
  - Protecting water quality
  - Promoting water conservation
  - Conserving watershed buffer areas

Explanation - Percentile classes				
Low	<=5	6-9	10-24	Insufficient data for a hydrologic region
Extreme hydrologic drought	Severe hydrologic drought	Moderate hydrologic drought	Below normal	



USGS National Drought Watch - October 16 - 7 day average

### **Water Quality**

- Clean and healthy rivers support:
  - Drinking water
  - Shellfish harvesting
  - **►** Fishing
  - **■**Swimming
  - Boating



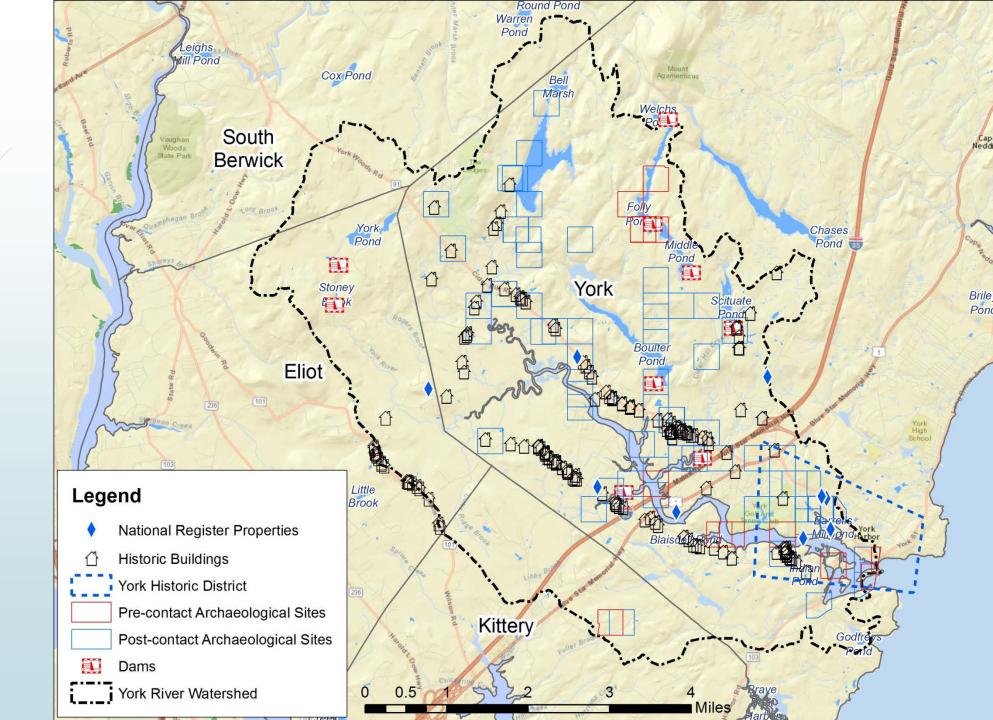
#### **Cultural and Historic Resources**

- National Register of Historic Places (1 district, 9 individual properties)
- Historic Buildings and Structures (Colonial-era homesteads, farms, dams)
- Bridges (e.g., Sewall's Bridge, Thermoplastic Bridge, Wiggly Bridge)
- Living History (Museums of Old York)
- Artistic Inspiration (Visual and literary arts)
- Archaeological Resources (Native American, Euro-American, maritime industrial sites)
- Cultural Landscapes (Marsh hay fields, historic and working waterfronts)





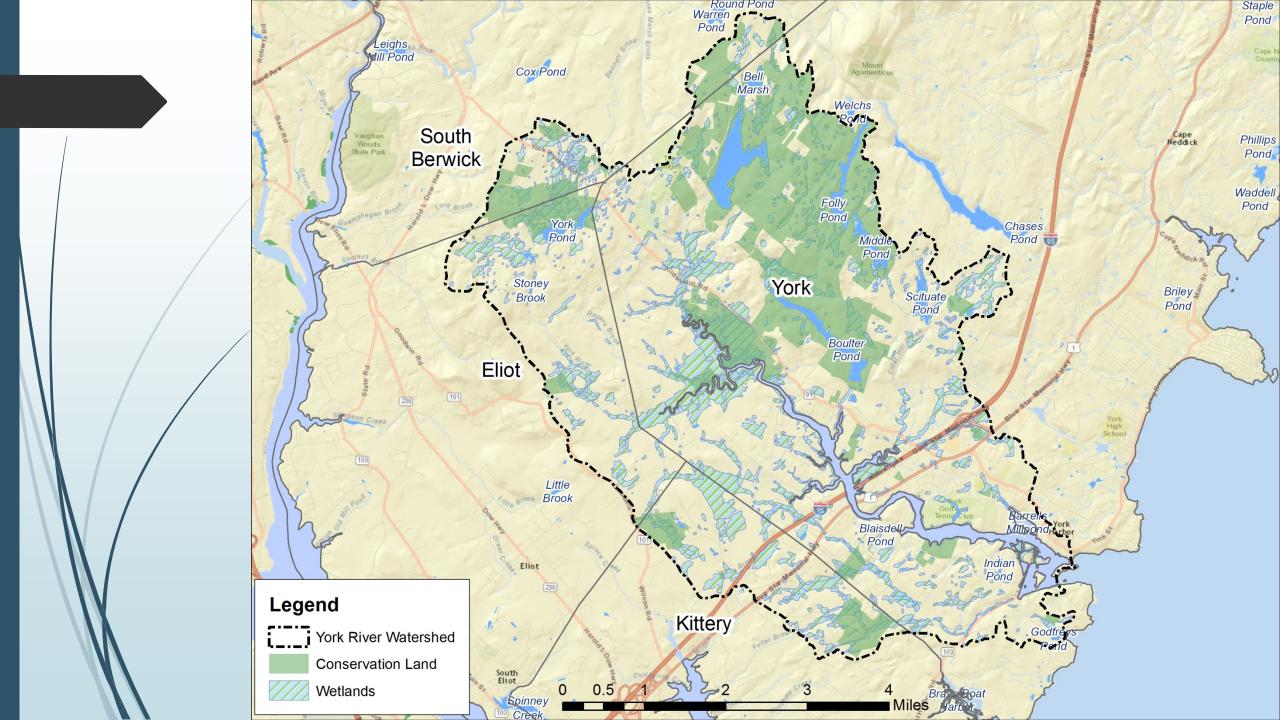
Cultural & Historic Resources



#### **Natural Resources**

- York River Watershed features
  - large tracts of undeveloped forest
  - healthy stream buffers
  - unique natural habitats
- All supporting a wide range of diverse and rare species



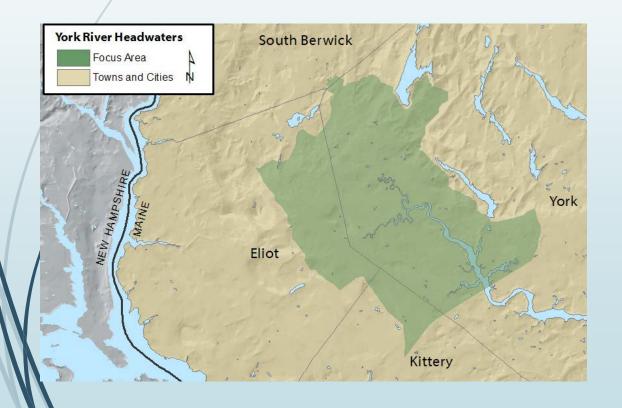


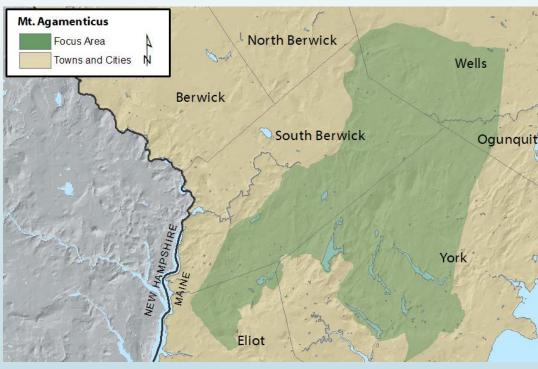
# Natural Resources Protected Headwaters, Stream Buffers and Salt Marsh

- Provides valuable habitat and wildlife corridors
- Supports coastal resilience from sea level rise and storm surge
- Includes part of largest intact coastal wetland area in southern Maine



■ York River Headwaters Focus Area and Mt. Agamenticus Focus Area – designated as 'Areas of Statewide Ecological Significance' based on an "unusually rich convergence of rare plant and animal occurrences, high value habitats, and relatively intact natural landscapes."





#### Natural Resources / Biological Diversity

More different threatened and endangered species than any other region in Maine



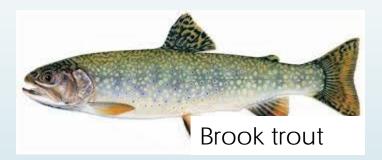
#### **Examples:**

- Blandings Turtle
- New England Cottontail
- Ringed boghaunter dragonfly
- Saltmarsh sharp-tailed sparrow

## **Natural Resources / Biological Diversity**

Rich habitat supports at least 23 different species of fish







#### Next Steps - Outstandingly Remarkable Values

- 1. Continue review of existing data / studies
- 2. Conduct new research
  - 2017 fish monitoring and habitat study (approved)
  - Other potential research areas
    - ■Watershed build-out
    - Archeological / Architectural historic surveys York Pond and surrounding areas in S. Berwick and Eliot (includes Punkintown area)
    - Mapping of wetlands and marsh areas
    - ■Identifying and mitigating impacts of sea level rise on natural, historic and economic resources





#### Next Steps - Outstandingly Remarkable Values

# 3. Develop York River Watershed Management Plan

- Ensure community-based approach
- Identify and document valuable resources
- Recommend additional studies needed
- Recommend strategies for protecting the York River's unique values
- Identify opportunities for York, Kittery, Eliot, South Berwick and partner organizations to implement the plan



#### How You Can Help

- Provide input: Watershed Values Poster & Sheet
- Provide data, reports, photos
- Participate in meetings (YRSC or subcommittees)

### **Stay Informed**

- Contact Study Coordinator Jennifer Hunter at jh.yorkriver@gmail.com
- www.yorkrivermaine.org (sign up for email list)

#### **Questions and Comments**

